* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	SI.			REPORT		
						25X
COUNTRY	USSR/Austria (South Est	ne)		DATE DISTR.	30 Oct	• 5 3
UBJECT	1. Soviet Army Organiza	ation, Weapons	, and	NO. OF PAGI	ES 20	
	Equipment 2. Unit Supply and Main	ntenance		NO. OF ENCL		
COUIRED			.,	(LISTED BELOW)		
ATE COUIRED				SUPPLEMENT REPORT NO.	' то	
ATE OF I						25 X 1
	THIS IS UNEVA	LUATED INFORMAT	ION			25 X
						and the second
	nization and Equipment					
	Organization Charts a. Organization charts of Encls. A through E inc	clusive.			Lven in	2
	Organization Charts	clusive. trengths of pe	eprese:	l, weapons ven in Enc nt the act	s, and	2 29
	organization Charts a. Organization charts of Encls. A through E incls. Tables representing sequipment of units	trengths of pe The tables r , weapons, and he following v o. told him th n officer of s ime a mortar b	represent equipment art a representation artification art	l, weapons ven in Enc nt the act ment strengths ifle batts m. mortar	s, and cls. F tual s: the alion ha	2 29 .s
	organization Charts a. Organization charts of Encls. A through E include the control of the con	trengths of pe The tables r , weapons, and he following v o. told him th n officer of s ime a mortar b	represent equipment art a representation artification art	l, weapons ven in Enc nt the act ment strengths ifle batts m. mortar	s, and cls. F tual s: the alion ha	2 2:



25X1 SECRET -2are given in Encls. F 25X1 All weapons and equipment through I. Tn a demonstration of regimen-December 1952, The following equipment was shown: tal CW equipment. Chemically treated green socks, worn over boots. (2) Black rubber boots, worn with protective clothing. legs of the protective trousers were tied over the top of the boots. Black rubber gloves, worn with protective clothing. sleeves of the protective clothing were tightened over the gloves. Impregnated canvas, about 1.75 x 1 m., used to cross impregnated areas. They were told that this canvas would be issued in wartime. One-piece protective suits made of impregnated rubber cloth, for issue to chemical scouts only. CW kit, made of metal and painted green, approximately 30 x 25 x 20 cm. It contained the following items: one round metal can painted black, one round metal can painted red, several test tubes, and a piece of white cloth. They were told that this kit is issued to machine gunners only, to decontaminate their weapons. First, contents of the black can were rubbed over the machine gun, then the contents of the red can. Then the gun was wiped clean with the white 25X1 cloth. (7)CW kit similar to the kit described above, only larger in size. They were told that this kit was issued to artillery gunners. Same methods were employed for decontamination of the artillery pieces. (8) A decontamination tank carried on the back. Issued only to chemical scouts. 25X1 (9) Detection devices. some kind of crimson paper, something looking like a thermometer, and several test tubes. (10)Markers used for showing contaminated areas. They were yellow cloth flags, triangular, approximately 30 x 20 cm., with black skull and crossed bones printed in the center. The flag was on a metal stick approximately 40 cm. high. (11)A 200 gr. smoke stick made of cardboard, approximately 25 cm. long and five centimeters in diameter. It was 25X1 painted white. 25X1 A five kilogram smoke bomb, round, about 15 cm. high and 20 cm. in diameter painted green. Special matches were used to ignite these bombs. The ignited match was inserted in one of the holes on top of the bomb. This bomb

SECRET

produced smoke for approximately five minutes.

25X1 25X1



SECRET

	-	A 40 kg. smoke bomb similar to the live kilogram bomb approximately 50 cm. high and 40 cm. in diameter. Ignited by matches as in the case of the five kilogram bomb. This bomb produced smoke for approximately 15 minutes.	25
-		crew-served weapons:	
	(1)	The 76-mm. M1942 gun, served by an eight-man crew, and towed by a Studebaker truck, type and model unknown. Another Studebaker truck carried the gun's ammunition supply.	25
		The officer commanding the gun and the gunner were armed with TT Tokarev pistols, date of manufacture unknown. The rest of the crew was armed with carbines.	25
	(2)	The 122-mm. M1938 howitzer, served by an eight-man crew and towed by a Studebaker truck, type and date of manufacture unknown. Another Studebaker truck carried the gun's ammunition supply. Exact breakdown of crew, basic load of fuel, and basic unit of fire was unknown. Personal weapons of the crew were the same as those of the 76-mm. gun crew.	
	(3)	The 160-mm. M1943 mortar: Crew and towing vehicles same as 76-mm. gun.	
	(4)	The 120-mm. M1943 mortar, served by a mine-man crew, and towed by a Studebaker truck, type and date of manufacture unknown, which also carried the crew and the unit of fire. The crew was composed of one sergeant, armed with a PPSh M1944; one gunner, armed with a TT Tokarev pistol, date of manufacture unknown; one driver, armed with an M1944 carbine; and six ammunition carriers, armed with M1944 carbines.	
`	(5)	The 57-mm. M1943 AT gun, merved by an eight-man crew, and towed by a Studebaker truck, type and date of manufacture unknown, which carried the crew and the unit of fire. Crew breakdown was the same as for the 120-mm. mortar, except that there were only five ammunition carriers.	
	(6)	Goryunov M1943 MG, served by a six-man crew - one sergeant, armed with an M1944 PPSh; one gunner, armed with a Nagant revolver, date of manufacture unknown; one assistant gunner, armed with an M1944 carbine; and three ammunition carriers, armed with M1944 carbines.	
	(7)	Degtyarev 1944 DPM MG. Crew was the same as for the Goryunov MG.	
•	A11 30-2	weapons mentioned in subpar. A2c are described in D/A Pamphlet? "The Soviet Army".	
•			2

SECRET



25X1 SECRET all new weapons which would be issued in case of 25X1 war were never shown to the troops and were not issued in peacetime. √g. h. 1. j. information on small arms and small arms 25X1 ammunition. (1)(a) PPSh M1944 All ammunition used on firing ranges was of World War II manufacture. two mechanical 25X1 breakdowns, one in the trigger mechanism and the other a defective magazine. Because weapons were cleaned and inspected every stoppages because of dirty never weapons. 25X1 (b) Carbine M1944 there were about six stoppages out of 100 rounds fired, mostly due to old World War II ammunition. weapons 25X1 were kept so clean that there was no chance of stoppages from dirt. Pistol TT Tokarev very often officers would complain about the faulty release of the hammer. (2)25X1

the Soviet soldier was at his best with a bayonet. Infantry troops had about eight hours per week of bayonet training. Their training was always conducted on bayonet ranges or courses with straw dummites.

trained in his own personal weapon, being able to take it apart almost blind-folded and put it together as efficiently, make minor repairs, replace broken parts when spare parts were available, and deal with elementary stoppages. They were very ignorant of other types of weapons. The majority of soldiers would have trouble firing a weapon other than their own. Firing his own weapon, the average soldier could hit a silhouette target eight times out of 10 at 100 m. The target was approximately 50 x 30 cm.

(3)

folding bayonet.

the average soldier preferred the

the average Soviet soldier was very well

25X1

25X1

SECRET



The state of the s	Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4	
	and the state of t	
	SECRET	25X1
	-5-	
(5)	New semi-automatic rifles were not issued to the troops in Austria. 1952 at Dzhul'fa /N 38-54, E 45-38/, USSR, students of the NCO school, located there, having manual of arms with a new semi-automatic rifle. they were the new rifles. All recruits were kept away from troops training with the new rifle. In Austria they were told that in case of war all M1944 carbines would be replaced by the new rifle. He did not know where the rifles were kept.	
	ellaneous Theoretically, the Soviet soldier had to carry the following	
(1)	items into combat (list given to students of NCO School, 344th How. Arty. Regt.): weapon, basic load of three 71-round magazines for a PPSh or four five-round magazines for a carbine, shovel, gas mask, canteen of one liter capacity, steel helmet, rolled overcoat, first-aid pack, belt ammunition pouch, and combat pack on his back. In the pack was a change of underwear, a pair of footwraps, a towel, toilet articles, soap,	25X1
	the Soviet soldier would actually carry in combat the following: weapon, as much ammunition as he could lay his hands on, steel helmet, shovel, combat pack with food and toilet articles, spoon and cup, canteen, and first-aid pack. The overcoat would be carried only in winter time. The theoretical load would weigh approximately 30 kg. The actual load would vary with each individual.	25X1
(2)		
(3)	special equipment for arctic or extremely cold weather. From his very vague description, the uniforms would be similar to those worn by Chinese troops in Korea. These uniforms, he was told, would be issued only to the front line troops in case of hostilities.	 25 X 1
(4)		25X1
	prevent trench foot: wear two pairs of foot wraps, one winter foot wrap next to the skin and one summer over the winter foot wraps. If possible, insert layers of paper between the two wraps. They did not have any other instructions or training on this subject.	

k.

SECRET



*				
				2
Uni	t Suj	pply	and Maintenance	
1.	``.		issued the following equipment in the	25
	Sov:	let A	rmy:	25
	a.	Clot	hing, and individual equipment	
		(1)	Initial issue:	
			One OD uniform, one set of summer underwear, one garr son cap with star, one pair of boots, two pairs of shoulder boards, one pair of collar tabs, one overcoat one pair of summer foot wraps, one pair of winter foot wraps, one pair of gloves, one fur cap with star, one set of winter underwear, two belts, one towel, one cut	t,
* ;			and one spoon. The above mentioned equipment and clothing was issued Dzhul'fa, USSR.	ı
		(2)	Subsequent issues:	
			issued the following additional equipment: combat pack, gas mask, canteen, one pair of winter foot wraps, and one used uniform.	
			From then issued clothing twice a year, in spring and fall. In the spring one new uniform, one pair of summer foot wraps, one set of summer underwear, one pair of shoulder boards, and or	
		-	garrison cap with star. Worn-out under-	
			wear was used for cleaning purposes by the individual In the fall issued one new uniform, one set	r
			summer underwear, one set of winter underwear, one part of summer foot wraps, one pair of winter foot wraps, one fur cap with star, and one pair of gloves. turned in one used uniform. Thus the soldier had, at	;
			all times, one new and one used uniform. The old uniform was used on fatigue details or maneuvers.	-
			All other equipment was kept by the individual soldies throughout his time in the Army. For loss of clothing and equipment, the soldier was court-martialed and sentenced to a minimum of one year at hard labor which	ıg
		:	sendenced to a minimum of one hear at mand rapor with	****

In the USSR and in Austria, laundry was done as follows: every 10 days the men went to bathe. At the bath they turned in their dirty underwear and towel and received clean ones. They were given approximately 30 gr. of soap for personal use and for washing their foot wraps at the bath building. They were also issued 100 gr. of soap for personal use and for washing uniforms during the next 10-day period. The uniforms were washed when they got too dirty to be worn. Overcoats were cleaned with brushes and nothing else. were cleaned with brushes and nothing else.

SECRET



SECRET

(4) Inspection of clothing and equipment:

Troops were inspected every day for condition of uniforms and equipment.

(5) Repairs and turn-in of clothing and equipment:

Minor repairs were done by the individual. In case of excessive wear and tear, the item was turned in to unit supply and replaced by serviceable items. The supply, food, and ammunition (service) NCO of the unit was the sole judge of serviceability of clothing and equipment. He made clothing requisitions for the unit twice a year, before the spring and fall clothing issues.

b. Weapons

(1) USSR

While in basic training at Dzhul'fa, the training company of 60 men was issued three old carbines, one cross-cut carbine, and 30 PPSh of a very old type. Each day, 30 minutes were given for cleaning weapons. The cleaning equipment consisted of a large can of oil, patches made of underwear, and about 12 cleaning rods. Weapons were inspected each day after the 30-minute cleaning period, and whenever there was a formation with weapons. Two men were responsible for one PPSh.

(2) Austria

The 120-mm. Mort. Co.. 290th Gds. Rifle Regt. issued an M1941 carbine

25X1

25X1

also issued a cleaning kit which included a pouch, oiler, muzzle cap, cleaning rod handle, and a metal tip for bore cleaning which was attached to the cleaning rod when used. The rod was carried in the carbine. Every day, 30 minutes were allotted for cleaning weapons. The weapons were inspected after the 30-minute period and whenever there was a formation with weapons.

c. Ammunition

The actual unit of fire for a PPSh, which was kept in the unit supply in case of an alert. was two 71-round magazines.

Before going on a firing range, the unit service NCO received the ammunition from an ammunition dump.

The ammunition was not distributed to the individual soldier until he was in firing position, rifle pointed towards the target. Soldiers had to turn in all expended cartridges which were counted by the range officer.

d. POL

in a 20-1. can similar to the German gasoline can.

SECRET



SECRET

e. Food

Troops in the USSR and Austria were fed in messhalls.

military personnel prepared the food. Following is the approximate daily individual ration served in a military messhall: 40 gr. of noodles or macaroni, 150 gr. of meat, 120 gr. of cereals, 300 gr. of cabbage, 800 gr. of bread in summer and 900 gr. in winter, 150 gr. of flour, 30 gr. of butter, 35 gr. of sugar, 300 gr. of potatoes, 40 gr. of tobacco, and one gram of tea. One box of matches was issued every 10 days.

some emergency rations were kept in his company supply, and that they contained some canned meat and dried biscuits.

In the field, food was prepared by the unit cook. They had one field kitchen per battalion. the kitchen was towed by any available vehicle. (See Encl. J.)

they seldom received their full 150 gr. of meat, whether in the messhall or the field.

f. Camouflage suits

3.

d.

In the spring of 1953, all signal men of the 3rd Gds. Rifle Bn., 290th Gds. Rifle Regt., received camouflage suits. The suits were one piece, with bottons in front, and a hood attached. The hood had a visor, and a camouflage mask covering the eyes was also issued. The hands and the bottom of the face were the only parts of the body not covered.

the unit of fire of a PPSh M1944 was three 71-round magazines. and of a carbine, four five-

information on supply:

handled exclusively by the unit service NCO. The service NCO of the 9th Rifle Co., 3rd Gds. Rifle Bn., 290th Gds. Rifle Regt., submitted to regiment a daily report on the exact strength of the company for food rations which were issued by regiment.

| all supplies received by the company were issued by regiment and not by battalion.

25V1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

two depots at regimental level One was for equipment and the other for food. Usually the service NCO of the company took a detail with him to these depots whenever he needed supplies. The detail traveled on foot.

requisition schedule:

SECRET



	•		er en			
			SECRE'	r		
			*** -9-			
•	NCO ma	de out a co	or to the bi emplete report on of uniform	a sug equipm	ent. Upon a	pproval of
	the re	quisition, ent depot	the service	equipment fo	r his compar	ny.
e .						
f.	When o	n the firi	ng range, the	quota of am	munition per	r individua
	Hever	exocodou 2				
				•		
.osu	ires:		•			
	ıres:	Breakdown	of 95th Gds.	Rifle Div.	4 F	
•	ires:	Breakdown	of Div. Arty	., 95th Gds.		
•		Breakdown Breakdown	of Div. Arty	., 95th Gds.	76-mm. Gun I	3n., Div.
•	Artv 9	Breakdown Breakdown	of Div. Arty	., 95th Gds. low. Bn. and Break		Bn., Div. t. Bn.,
•	Artv 9	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H	., 95th Gds. low. Bn. and Break	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	• • •
A	Artv 9	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y., 95th G	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds	o, 95th Gds. ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y., 95th G	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div	o, 95th Gds. ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art Gds. Rif	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y., 95th G Breakdown Estimate le Regt.	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds	o, 95th Gds. low. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt of the 3rd Gd	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art Gds. Rif Div. Art	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y, 95th G Breakdown Estimate le Regt.	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds of Strength o	ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt of the 3rd Go	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art Gds. Rif Div. Art	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y, 95th G Breakdown Estimate le Regt. y, 95th G Arty. Bn.,	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds of Strength of ds. Rifle Div	o, 95th Gds. ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt of the 3rd Gd The Regt.	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art Gds. Rif Div. Art Regtl. A	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y, 95th G Breakdown Estimate Te Regt. y, 95th G Arty. Bn.,	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds of Strength o ds. Rifle Div 290th Gds. Ri ds. Rifle Reg	ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt of the 3rd Go The Regt.	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art Gds. Rif Div. Art Regtl. A Rifle Br	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y, 95th G Breakdown Estimate Te Regt. y, 95th G Arty. Bn., 1., 290th G 501, 290th	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds of Strength o ds. Rifle Div 290th Gds. Ri ds. Rifle Re Gds. Rifle Re	ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt of the 3rd Go The Regt.	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div
	Arty., 9 Div. Art Gds. Rif Div. Art Regtl. A Rifle Br	Breakdown Breakdown 5th Gds. R y, 95th G Breakdown Estimate Te Regt. y, 95th G Arty. Bn.,	of Div. Arty of 122-mm. H ifle Div.; ds. Rifle Div of 290th Gds of Strength o ds. Rifle Div 290th Gds. Ri ds. Rifle Re Gds. Rifle Re	ow. Bn. and Break Rifle Regt of the 3rd Go The Regt.	76-mm. Gun I down of Mor	. Rifle Div

Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4

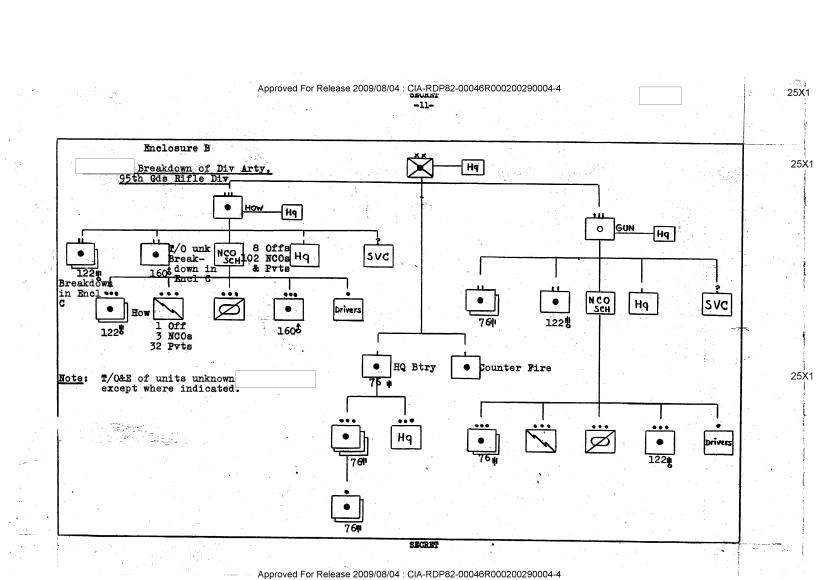


Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4 SECRET -10-Enclosure A Breakdown of 95th Gds Rifle Div Divisional Arty
T/O&E unk
(Breakdown in Encl B) T/O&E unk T/O&E unk T/O&E unk T/O&E unk T/O&E unk (Breakdown in Encl D) AUTO T/O&E unk T/O&E unk the AAA Bn is subordinated to Div and not to Divisional Arty. Note: SECRET

25X1

25X1



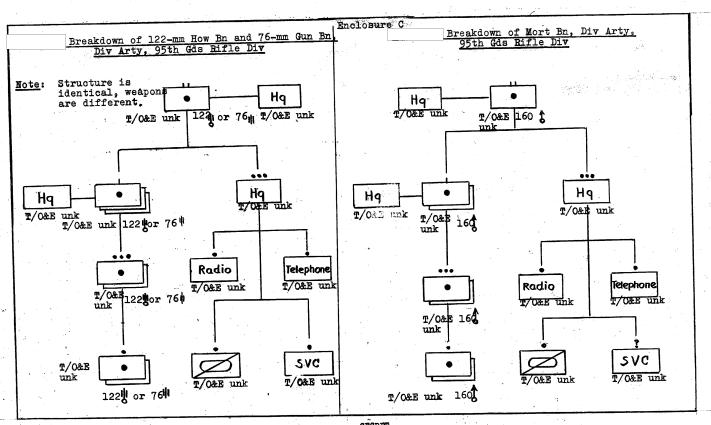




Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4 -12-

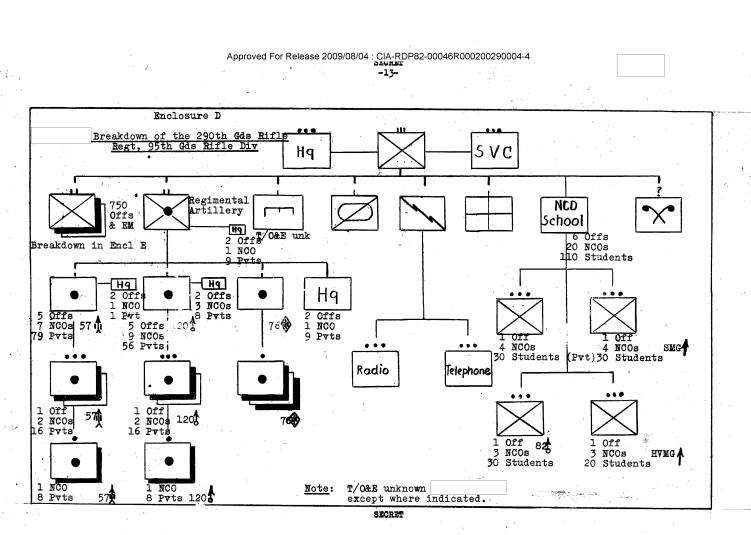
25X1

25X1 25X1



SECRET





25X1



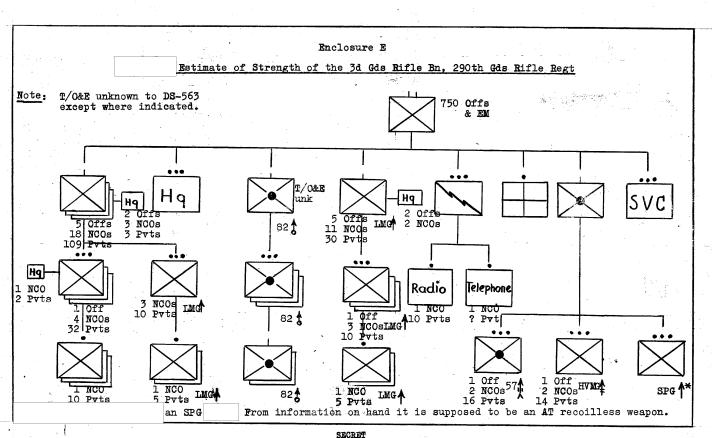
Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1



SECRE



SECRET -15-

Enciveure F

Div Arty, 95th Gds Rifle Div

Two sections of		7	7	T	-	1	-		1	
		1.	1				k s	1_		
·	1		1	1	1	1	Trucks	can	1	
	1	. -			1	-	, E	126	1	
	1.	1	1	q	HOM	6	10	ne.	1	
	ir 8	1.		ag ag		5	र्व स	Et o	1	
	0	in.					leb	Ha Ha	1	
	Officers	NCOR	Pvts	76-шш	122-mm	160-mm Wort	Studebaker Type unk	Jeeps (Americ manufacture)		
	10	-	<u> </u>	7						+
Div Arty Totals:	<u> </u>			32	40	10	202	16		+
Div Arty HQ Birv	unk	now		6			12			_
How Regt					26	10	91	-8		╄-
How Bn z 2					(12)		(30)	(2)		├-
How Bn HQ	<u> </u>						(5)	(2)		1
How Btry x 3					(4		(8)			1
How Btry HQ							(1)			-
Mort Ba						(8)	(22)	(2)		_
Mort Bn HQ							(5)	(2)		1
Mort Btry x 2						(4)	(8)			
Mort Btry HQ							(1)			
	8				(2	(2	4-1			
NEO School	 		 			The second	2(5)	(2)		
HQ Btry		 	 	?			1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
Svc Unit		†	Contract to	26	14		99	8		Γ
Gun Regt		obscarous	Construction of the last				(30		,	Τ
Gun Bn x 2	-	 		(12)	 	 	(5)	,	,	1
Gun Bn HQ		+		-	 	 				T
Gun Btry x 3		 	-	(4)	ļ	and strong	(8	 		+-
Gun Btry HQ		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			(1	-		+
How Bn					(12	<u> </u>	(30	(2)		+
How Bn HQ	· ·				ļ	ļ	(5		 	+
How Btry x 3	<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>	(4	<u> </u>	(8	1	<u> </u>	+
How Btry HQ							(1			1
NCO School				(2)	(2)	(4			1
HQ Btry				<u> </u>			(5	(2		_
Svc Unit						,				\perp
	•									
	Note	Th	ese	figur	es	<u> </u>				
					do	not	precl	ude ad	ditic	na

25X1 25X1

SECRET

equipment.



Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4 _-16-

			12		-							- <u> </u>		<u> </u>				
			â .	En	clo	sure	G			٠.				*				4
	<u> </u>	egtl	Art	Bn,	290	Oth (lds I	Rifle	e Re	<u>gt</u>). ;	oks S
	Office	Byro	<i>T</i>	tol II	1ver	ine M1944	PPSh M1944		1/ 5	# SP G##	I.g.	Radio	T41-43	prone	Compage	64 1	Studebaker mm	
	Off.	J.Co.		Pistol	Revolver Naces	Carbine	PPSh 7	120-1	57-11	76-#E			TAT		8	A B	Stud	Seop Seop
To Make I a	12	17	119	25	*- \$;	200	20	6	6	4	10	2	5	1	3	2	15	6
egtl Arty Bn Totals:	5			72		49	9	6			- 3	1	2		1		. 7	2
20-mm Mort Btry		-		(3)		(14)	(2)	(2)									(2)	
Mort Plat I		1	130	427		(7)	(1)	-									(1)	
Mort Sq x 2		+(1)	(8)	(1)		1		127			(3)		4		/2.5		(1)	(2)
Btry HQ	(2	(3		(3)		(7)	(3)				3	(1)			(1)	_	7	1 1
57-mm AT Btry	5	7	54	11		46	. 9		6	44	2		2				(2)	
AT Plat x 3	(1	12	(16	(3)		(24)	(2)		(2)							 	کار	\vdash
	1	fa	(0)	(1)	-	(7	(7)		(1)	-							(1	
AT Sq x 2	(2	1	(,	(2)		(4	(3)				(3)		(2)		(1)		(1	(2)
Btry HQ	.		-			1				4		2	2	,	2	2		?
76-mm SP Gun Btry		_		. 7	2	- ?	?					?	?	?	?	?	H	?
SP Sq x 4				?	?	-?	?			(1)	-	1		1	 	<u> </u>	 	1
Regtl Arty Bn HO	2	2 1	<u>' 9</u>	2		5	2 10t]	2700	mae	800	1.4	nai	equ		1100		1	لكبا
Note: These figures						00 1	100	prec.	Tuue	200			- 1-				,	
The state of the s	*					SECRE	P .											

25X1



Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4

SECRET -17-

25X1

25X1 25X1

te: These figures do not preclude additional equipme	ſ	<u>T</u>	T	<u> </u>	## *									4	•
		Ī	T	·	- 1	, , , ,									
		_ [17	18	\mathcal{T}	MG	FRG.	T	رية الم	j	7.	Truck	T
	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	WCO _B	Pvts	Pistol FT	Nagent Revolve	Carbine M194	PPSh #1944	Degtyarev	Gorymov M	PTRS-41	1 8		RBM-1 Radio	Studebaker Type unk	
				25 25		-::	- 1	27	12	PI	2	2	5	2 E	\dashv
ifle Bn Totals:	22 • 5		109		12	70	44	9	2	3					
Rifle Plat x 3	(1)	(4)	(32	u	(3)	(20)(13) (3		ابن	-			-	
Rifle Sq-x 3		(1)			(1) (2)	(6		(1)	(0)		-				
M: Plat		(3)) (1)	(1)) (2) (1		(2)						
MG Sq x 2 Co HQ	(2	(3		:	(1)) (3)							
22-mm Mort Btry	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	·					

Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4



Approved For Release 2009/08/04 CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4

770 710	(7)	(3)	(70)	(1)	£23	(8)	(3)		(2)	. 1				يار بو- ا		
LMG Plat x 3		(1)	(5)			(4)			(1)						25.2	
Со но	(2)	? 2		(2)			(2)						;• -			L
Bn Arty Co	2	4	28	2	4	24	4				2	2		2		
57-mm AT Plat	(1)	(2)	14	(1)	(2)	(12)	(2)	*			(2)			(2)		L
HVMG Plat	(1)	(2)	(14)	جب	(2)	12)	(2)		_		<u> </u>	(2)	-			Ļ
SPG Plat	?	?	?	?	?	?	?				?	?	_			\downarrow
Signal Plat		<u>1</u>	10			10	1						5			
Radio Sq		1-	10			10)	(1)		Ŀ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(5)	<u> </u>		Ļ
Telephone Sq	?	?	?	?	?	?	?									L
Bn HQ Plat	?			?	?											
Bn Sve Plat	?			?.						<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
Bn Med Sq	?			?												

Approved For Release 2009/08/04: CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4



SECRET -19-

Enclosure I

NCO School. 290th Gds Rifle Regt

									Ħ	
	Office	NCOS		100	PPSh	2 0	82	Degtve	1 67 LMG 7.62	//
				A.		/ <u> </u>			广	
NCO School Totals:	6	14	110	6	44	80	2	2		
Carbine Plat	1	4	- 30		4	.30				
SMG Plat	1	4	30	,	34					
82-mm Mort Plat	1	3-	30 30	1	. 3	. 30	2			
MG Plat	1	3	20	,	3	20		2		
MCO School HQ	2			2						

SECRET



Approved For Release 2009/08/04 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000200290004-4

SECRET

-20-

